Mater Academy Lakes Middle School WL#6033

(A Charter School under Mater Academy, Inc.)

Miami, Florida

Financial Statements And Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2015

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17300 NW 87th Ave Miami, FL 33015

2014-2015

Board of Directors

Roberto Blanch, Board Chair Shannie Sadesky, Vice Chair, Director Cesar Christian Crousillat, Secretary, Director Javier Jerez, Director Maurene Sotero, Director Juan Garcia, Director (Through December 2014)

School Administration

Frank Jimenez, Principal

Other Non-Voting Corporate Officers

Antonio L. Roca, President



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Mater Academy Lakes Middle School Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Academy Lakes Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement. whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Academy Lakes Middle School at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Mater Academy Lakes Middle School at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Mater Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Mater Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2015 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2015, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 29 through 30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

HUB GRAVER, UP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Mater Academy Lakes Middle School (A charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2015

The corporate officers of Mater Academy Lakes Middle School have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position at June 30, 2015 was \$3,095,588.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,703,188.
- 3. The net position of the School increased by \$904,184 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$1,426,213.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. The difference between the four is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 14 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 28 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,095,588 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,572,824	\$ 1,787,925
Prepaid expenses	97,987	170,016
Due from other agencies	32,377	40,658
Due from Mater Academy, Inc., long term	639,427	-
Capital Assets, net	1,149,919	849,087
Total Assets	3,492,534	2,847,686
Deferred outflows of resources	~	-
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	178,988	197,949
Other liabilitites, long term	217,958	458,333
Total Liabilities	396,946	656,282
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivable	1,571,388	390,754
Unrestricted	1,524,200	1,800,650
Total Net Position	\$ 3,095,588	\$ 2,191,404

At the end of the fiscal year, the School is able to report continued positive balances in net position with a net increase for the year. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 146,291	\$ 21,155
Capital Outlay Funding	350,844	435,721
Lunch Program	264,934	288,758
General Revenues		
Interest and other revenues	972	-
Local Sources(FTE non specific)	4,978,522	4,575,809
Total Revenues	\$ 5,741,563	\$ 5,321,443
EXPENSES	,	
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 2,309,324	\$ 2,605,577
Instructional staff training	2,333	1,826
Board	121,481	16,397
School administration	837,826	679,136
Facilities acquisition	13,684	5,858
Fiscal services	125,775	119,400
Food services	267,148	237,935
Central services	128,491	124,842
Operation of plant	950,670	1,142,574
Maintenance of plant	80,647	61,835
Total Expenses	4,837,379	4,995,380
Increase in Net Position	904,184	326,063
Net Position at Beginning of Year	2,191,404	1,865,341
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 3,095,588	\$ 2,191,404

The School's revenues increased by \$420,120 and its expenditures decreased by \$158,001 respectively as a result of an increase in enrollment during current year. The School had an increase in its net position of \$904,183 during the year.

Accomplishments

In 2015, Mater Academy Lakes Middle School completed its 9th year of operation, enrolling 845 students in grades 6-8. To date, the State of Florida has not released the school grades for 2014-15. Last year, the school earned a letter grade of "A" and was ranked among the top public middle schools in Miami-Dade County, based on the points it received under the State of Florida Accountability Program.

Mater Academy Lakes Middle School provides its students with a rigorous curriculum that prepares students for Advanced Academic Placement before entering high school, as well as a rich extra-curricular program of activities, including team sports and clubs. These include the Student Government Association, National Junior Honor Society, National Junior Honor Society, National Science Honor Society, Dance Club, Art Club, and History Club.

This past year, Mater Lakes Academy Middle school students were recognized for the following achievements:

- The JV Baseball team and Intramural Baseball teams won their division titles for their age groups.
- The Cheerleading Team earned 1st Place in their rank at the FIU invitational.
- 21 students were chosen to participate in the Duke Tip program and take the January SAT and ACT. Currently, 4 of those students are working with their designated advisor from Duke University as part of their ongoing college plans.
- Mu Alpha Theta math honor society placed 4th in Algebra I Regional Competition.

As part of the Mater Academy network of high quality charter schools, Mater Academy Lakes Middle School is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,524,200. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$1,426,213. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$1,149,919 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes building and improvements and furniture, equipment, and textbooks. As of June 30, 2015, the School had \$217,958 in long term payable related to leasehold improvements.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
State capital outlay funding	\$ 280,000	\$ 348,475	\$ 350,844	
Federal sources	120,000	142,506	146,291	
Lunch program	240,000	240,000	264,934	
General Revenues				
Interest and other revenues	-	-	972	
FTE nonspecific revenues	4,507,924	4,888,492	4,978,522	
Total Revenues	\$ 5,147,924	\$ 5,619,473	\$ 5,741,563	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Component Unit Activities				
Instruction	\$ 2,255,000	\$ 2,222,506	\$ 2,221,987	
Instructional staff training	5,000	5,000	2,333	
Board	131,000	125,000	121,481	
School administration	845,000	839,584	837,826	
Fiscal services	130,000	125,775	125,775	
Food services	280,000	280,000	267,148	
Central services	129,500	140,775	128,491	
Operation of plant	1,024,886	908,475	906,879	
Maintenance of plant	80,000	80,000	76,772	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 4,880,386	\$ 4,727,115	\$ 4,688,692	

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	
Assets		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses Due from other agencies	\$ 1,572,824 97,987 32,377 1,703,188	
Capital assets, depreciable Less: accumulated depreciation	1,843,329 (693,410) 1,149,919	
Due from Mater Academy, Inc.	639,427	
Total Assets	3,492,534	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities: Salaries and wages payable Current portion of long term debt	178,988 105,000 283,988	
Other long term liabilities Total Liabilities	112,958 396,946	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Position Net investment in capital assets and long term receivable Unrestricted Total Net Position	1,571,388 1,524,200 \$ 3,095,588	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2015

Program Revenues

		J	Program Reven	ues	
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contribution	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes s in Net Position
Governmental activities:	•				
Instruction	\$ 2,309,324	\$ -	\$ 146,291	\$ -	\$ (2,163,033)
Instructional staff training	2,333	-	-	-	(2,333)
Board	121,481	-	-	-	(121,481)
School administration	837,826	-		-	(837,826)
Facilities acquisition	13,684	-	-	-	(13,684)
Fiscal services	125,775	-	-	-	(125,775)
Food services	267,148	23,507	241,427	-	(2,214)
Central services	128,491	-	-	-	(128,491)
Operation of plant	950,670	-	-	350,844	(599,826)
Maintenance of plant	80,647	_			(80,647)
Total governmental activities	4,837,379	23,507	387,718	350,844	(4,075,310)
	General reve	ific revenues			4,978,522
	Interest and o				972
	Change in ne	•			904,184
	Net position,				2,191,404
	Net position,	enamg			\$ 3,095,588

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	General Fund	Special	Total
			Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,572,824	\$ -	\$ 1,572,824
Due from other agencies	~	32,377	32,377
Due from fund	32,377	-	32,377
Prepaid expenses	97,987	-	97,987
Total Assets	1,703,188	32,377	1,735,565
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Salaries and wages payable	178,988	-	178,988
Due to fund	-	32,377	32,377
Total Liabilities	178,988	32,377	211,365
Deferred Inflows of Resources		·	
Fund balance			
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	97,987	_	97,987
Unassigned	1,426,213	-	1,426,213
	1,524,200	-	1,524,200
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balance	\$1,703,188	\$ 32,377	\$ 1,735,565

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 1,524,200

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets of \$1,843,329 net of accumulated depreciation of \$693,410 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

1,149,919

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

639,427

Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund.

(217,958)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 3,095,588

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Special	Total Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Revenues:		_	
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 350,844	\$ 350,844
State passed through local	4,978,522	-	4,978,522
Federal sources	-	146,291	146,291
Federal lunch program	<u></u>	241,427	241,427
Lunch charges	-	23,507	23,507
Other revenues	972		972
Total Revenues	4,979,494	762,069	5,741,563
Expenditures:			
Current			
Instruction	2,073,892	148,095	2,221,987
Instructional staff training	2,333	-	2,333
Board	121,481	_	121,481
School administration	837,826	-	837,826
Fiscal services	125,775	-	125,775
Food services	-	267,148	267,148
Central services	128,491	-	128,491
Operation of plant	556,035	350,844	906,879
Maintenance of plant	76,772	-	76,772
Capital Outlay:			
Other capital outlay	449,519		449,519
Total Expenditures	4,372,124	766,087	5,138,211
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	607,370	(4,018)	603,352
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	(4,018)	4,018	-
Long term advances	(639,427)	_	(639,427)
Repayment of long term debt	(240,375)		(240,375)
Net change in fund balance	(276,450)	-	(276,450)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,800,650		1,800,650
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,524,200	\$ -	\$ 1,524,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ (276,450)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$449,519 exceeded depreciation expense of \$148,687.

300,832

Increase in long term receivables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease or collections of such receivables reduces long-term assets in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which increase in long-term receivables of \$639,427 exceeded collections of \$0 in the current period.

639,427

Long term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. The accrual of long term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which accrual of long term debt of \$0 exceeded repayment of \$240,375.

240,375

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 904,184

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Mater Academy Lakes Middle School (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The Schools' charter is held by Mater Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Mater Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2016 and is renewable for an additional term pursuant to law and/or by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under the grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charters expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The School is located in Miami, Florida serving children from sixth through eighth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2015, when approximately 839 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding and federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deposits and Investments

All deposits are held in major banks and high grade investments. The School has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the School invests excess deposit funds in collateralized repurchase agreements. Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. All deposits and investments in repurchase agreements are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

Inter-fund Transfers

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Inter-fund transfers are made to move any excess or shortage of funds derived from the National School Lunch Program from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Building and Improvements	10-20 Years
Furniture and Equipment	3-5 Years
Textbooks and Software	3 Years

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Sources (continued)

In addition, the School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and long term receivables reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets and long term receivables."

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

a) Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First Non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Long –Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Income Taxes

Mater Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 31, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the School's deposits and investments was \$1,572,824. The bank balances totaled \$641,641 and \$800,000 and \$373,709, respectively were fully collateralized under repurchase agreements with Regions Bank and Total Bank (the "Banks").

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Mater Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2015, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$641,641.

Investments and Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2015, all of the School's investments in repurchase agreements were held as part of the Bank's investment portfolio.

The School has not formally approved an investment policy regarding custodial credit risk; however it mitigates its credit risk by maintaining excess funds available in overnight repurchase agreements. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are secured obligations collateralized by securities that include: non-callable U.S. Government and Agency Securities; Callable and Structured Agency Securities; Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities guaranteed by a federal agency, Bonds issued by government sponsored enterprises, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are not insured by the FDIC and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of principal invested, and if the Banks fails the School will become a secured creditor and may become an unsecured general creditor to the extent the market value of the securities used as collateral falls below the outstanding amount of repurchase obligations to the School.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/14	Additions	Retirements	06/30/15
Capital Assets:			·	
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 700,717	\$ 353,711	\$ -	\$ 1,054,428
Computer equipment and software	193,183	18,400	-	211,583
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	499,910	77,408		577,318
Total Capital Assets	\$ 1,393,810	\$ 449,519	\$ -	\$ 1,843,329
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(59,507)	(47,644)	-	(107,151)
Computer equipment and software	(93,210)	(31,423)	-	(124,633)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(392,006)	(69,620)		(461,626)
	(544,723)	(148,687)	-	(693,410)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 849,087	\$ 300,832	\$ -	\$ 1,149,919

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 87,337
Facilities acquisition	13,684
Operation of plant	43,791
Maintenance of plant	3,875
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 148,687

Note 4 - Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider (continued)

The agreement calls for a fee of \$450 per full time equivalent (FTE) student per year. The agreement is with Mater Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2016, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School incurred approximately \$377,325 in fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are:

Fernando Zulueta, President Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President and Treasurer Collette Papa, Secretary

Note 5 – Transactions with other divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.

The School's facility is shared with Mater Academy Lakes High School (a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff.

Mater Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Mater Academy Lakes Middle School paid Mater Academy, Inc. approximately \$83,900 in connection with these charges during the year.

During the year, the School made long term, non-interest bearing advances to Mater Academy, Inc. for future site development. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term receivables for the year ended June 30, 2015:

,	Balance			Balance
	07/01/14	Additions	Deletions	06/30/15
Due from Mater Academy, Inc.	\$ -	\$ 639,427		\$ 639,427
Total Long Term Receivables	<u> </u>	\$ 639,427	\$ -	\$ 639,427

Finally, the School paid approximately \$50,000 to Mater Virtual Academy for the use of its education technology.

Note 6 - Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

On October 9, 2009, the School entered into a lease and security agreement with Galloway Lake, LLC. The agreement is based on 55,731 square feet facility including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas, and other improvements. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's education service and support provider (See Note 4). This facility is shared with Mater Academy Lakes High School (a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.).

Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement (based on \$23.75 per square foot) were approximately \$1,323,611 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School received an enrollment period discount of \$28,333 per month. The agreement continues through July 31, 2030 with an option to renew for an additional five-year term. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

On March 22, 2013, Mater Academy, Inc. entered into phase III of the lease with Galloway Lake II, LLC as landlord. This lease is for a new building facility totaling 42,209 square feet and is shared by Mater Lakes Middle school and Mater Lakes High School. Initial fixed rent under this agreement was approximately \$975,407 or \$23.00 per square foot. The initial fixed rent shall be adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. For the initial five year period from August 1, 2013 – July 31, 2018, Landlord granted an enrollment period discount to be netted against fixed rent as follows:

Period	Enrollment Period Discount
August 1, 2013 – July 31, 2014	\$35,416
August 1, 2014 – July 31, 2015	\$35,416
August 1, 2015 – July 31, 2016	\$29,166
August 1, 2016 – July 31, 2017	\$22,916
August 1, 2017– July 31, 2018	\$18,750

The lease agreement continues through July 31, 2038 with options to renew for three additional five-year terms. The lease contains other requirements and covenants such as maintaining a "Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)

Lease payments are allocated among the two schools based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2015, was approximately 58% for Mater Academy Lakes High School and 42% for the School.

For 2015, rent expense totaled \$735,404, of which approximately \$727,000 was related to the facility leases. As of June 30, 2015, the school had prepaid rent of \$59,670.

Future minimum payments for the full leases, net of enrollment period discounts, (to be shared with Mater Academy Lakes High School) are approximately as follows:

,	\$ 46,645,717
2036 - 2038	3,293,487 (Total for three year period)
2031-2035	5,489,146 (Total for five year period)
2026-2030	12,936,026 (Total for five year period)
2021-2025	12,936,026 (Total for five year period)
2020	2,587,205
2019	2,587,205
2018	2,362,205
2017	2,280,230
2016	2,174,185
Year	

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs.

The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2015, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$29,541.

Note 7 - Other Long Term Liabilities

Under the Galloway Lake II, LLC lease and security agreement, Mater Lakes Middle and Mater Lakes High School have agreed to reimburse the landlord for certain leasehold improvements made to the facility for purposes specific to the operations of the Schools. Total capitalized amounts to be reimbursed by the School to the landlord for such improvements totaled \$2,925,000 and will be paid to the landlord over a term of sixty months in addition to the fixed rent. These payments were also allocated between Mater Academy Lakes Middle School and Mater Academy Lakes High School. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School paid approximately \$248,600 related to the tenant improvements

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in leasehold improvements payable for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance 07/01/14	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/15
Leasehold improvements payable	\$ 458,333	\$ -	\$ 240,375	\$ 217,958
Total	\$ 458,333	\$ -	\$ 240,375	\$ 217,958

Future minimum maturities on leasehold improvements payable by Mater Academy Lakes Middle School and Mater Academy Lakes High School are as follows:

Year	
2016	\$ 266,469
2017	250,000
2018	250,000
2019	49,851
	\$ 816,320

Note 8 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

Note 9 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 50% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$13,977 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by MassMutual Financial Group.

Note 10 – Subsequent Event

Effective July 1, 2015, the School moved to utilizing a government money market mutual fund as an investment vehicle for it excess deposit funds. A government money market mutual fund invests exclusively in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government and its agencies and instrumentalities and in repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities. All balances held under the repurchase agreement as of June 30, 2015 have been moved to this new vehicle.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENT	'ARY INFORMATION	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual			
REVENUES	 					
State passed through local	\$ 4,507,924	\$ 4,888,492	\$ 4,978,522			
Other local sources			972			
Total Revenues	4,507,924	4,888,492	4,979,494			
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction	2,175,000	2,080,000	2,073,892			
Instructional Staff Training	5,000	5,000	2,333			
Board	131,000	125,000	121,481			
School Administration	845,000	839,584	837,826			
Fiscal Services	130,000	125,775	125,775			
Central Services	129,500	140,775	128,491			
Operation of Plant	744,886	560,000	556,035			
Maintenance of Plant	80,000	80,000	76,772			
Total Current Expenditures	4,240,386	3,956,134	3,922,605			
Excess of Revenues		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Over Current Expenditures	267,538	932,358	1,056,889			
Capital Outlay	100,000	410,000	449,519			
Total Expenditures	4,340,386	4,366,134	4,372,124			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	167,538	522,358	607,370			
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)	(45,000)	(40,000)	(4,018)			
Long term advances	(10,000)	(700,000)	(639,427)			
Repayment of long term debt	(263,250)	(246,617)	(240,375)			
Net change in fund balance	122,538	(217,642)	(276,450)			
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,800,650	1,800,650	1,800,650			
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,923,188	\$ 1,583,008	\$ 1,524,200			

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Fund						
	Orig	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES					-		
State capital outlay funding	\$	280,000	\$	348,475	\$	350,844	
Federal sources		120,000		142,506		146,291	
Federal lunch program		220,000		220,000		241,427	
Lunch charges		20,000		20,000		23,507	
Total Revenues		640,000		730,981		762,069	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		80,000		142,506		148,095	
Food services		280,000		280,000		267,148	
Operation of Plant		280,000		348,475		350,844	
Total Current Expenditures		640,000		770,981		766,087	
Excess of Revenues				-			
Over Current Expenditures				(40,000)		(4,018)	
Capital Outlay		45,000		_		_	
Total Expenditures		685,000		770,981		766,087	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(45,000)		(40,000)		(4,018)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)		45,000		40,000		4,018	
Net change in fund balance		-		*		-	
Fund Balance at beginning of year							
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$		_\$		

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL. REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Mater Academy Lakes Middle School Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Academy Lakes Middle School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented. or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management in a separate management letter dated August 31, 2015 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HB GRAVIEV, LEP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Mater Academy Lakes Middle School Miami, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Academy Lakes Middle School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2015.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States: and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General

Other Reports and Schedules

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated August 31, 2015, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Mater Academy Lakes Middle School.

Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that did not meet any of

the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes. 396 Alhambra Circle, Suite 900, Coral Gables, FL 33134 • Tel: 305.446.3022 • Fax: 305.446.6319 www.hlbgravier.com

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Mater Academy Lakes Middle School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Mater Academy Lakes Middle School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether Mater Academy Lakes Middle School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Mater Academy Lakes Middle School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HUS GRAWA, UP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015